Forensic issues in Child Sexual Abuse

Ву

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Objectives

- To understand what are the legal issues in medical examination of a case of CSA
- To understand what is the evidence to be collected depending on nature of assault/violence
- To know what constitutes medical opinion & why?
- To know the solutions for FAQs (frequently asked questions) during medical examination of a case of CSA

Recent Advances

- POCSO 2012 Protection of Children from Sexual offences Act, 2012 & Rules 2012
- CLA 2013 Criminal Law Amendment Act, 2013
 changes in IPC, CrPC, IEA......
- Guidelines from Ministry of H&FW,
 Central Government of India, 2014
- Guidelines from Ministry of WCD,
 Central Government of India, 2013
- Judgments from Supreme Court & High Court

Can you examine without a police requisition?

- Yes
- SC in State of Karnataka V Manjanna (2000 SC (Crl) 1031/CriLJ3471/2006(6)SCC188)
- Medicolegal Emergency
 - Voluntary reporting to the Hospital
- POCSO Act 2012
 - Sec 27 POCSO Act 2012 &
 - Rule 5 POCSO Rules 2012
- Section 357 C CrPC

Informed Consent/Informed Refusal?

I......hereby give my consent for:

a) medical examination for treatment	Yes /No			
b) this medico legal examination	Yes /No			
c) sample collection for clinical & forensic examination	Yes /No			
I also understand that as per law the hospital is required to inform poexplained to me.	olice and this has been			
I want the information to be revealed to the police	Yes /No			
I have understood the purpose and the procedure of the examination including the risk and benefit, explained to me by the examining doctor. My right to refuse the examination at any stage and the consequence of such refusal, including that my medical treatment will not be affected by my refusal, has also been explained and may be recorded. Contents of the above have been explained to me in				
If Special educator/interpreter/support person has helped, then his/her name and signature				
Name & signature of survivor or parent/Guardian/person in whom the child reposes trust in With date, time &place	case of child (<12 yrs)			
Name & signature/thumb impression of Witness With date, time & place				

Purpose of Medical examination

- Evidence based model ———— TREATMENT model
- Rule 5 POCSO Injuries, STDs HIV, pregnancy, Emergency Contraception, psychological counseling
- Section 357 C CrPC
 First aid / treatment, free of cost

 Sec 33(8) & Rule 7 POCSO Special Court

Section 166 B IPC 1yr, fine, both

Comprehensive care

- Informed Consent & Documentation
- Physical & surgical needs
- Emergency contraceptive & pregnancy advice
- Mental assessment & Counseling
 - RapeTrauma Syndrome (PTSD)
 - CSA Accomodation syndrome
- STD care including HIV & Hepatitis B
- Rehabilitation shelter homes / occupation / monetary relief
- Follow up delayed injuries / STD

Is it mandatory to inform police?

- Mandatory reporting under POCSO Act 2012
 Sec 19 ... less than 18 yrs (Child cannot report/complain so responsibility on surrounding Adult)
- Sec 357C CrPC Sec 166B IPC or Sec 21 POCSO
- Section 164A CrPC CONSENT (WCD guidelines ?!)
- Examination / evidence collection / treatment / Photography / Police intimation???
- Informed refusal?????? NO..... As per Law....? (HFW guidelines)
- Rule 4 of POCSO FIR!

Problems of Mandatory reporting

- Care & Treatment affected
- MTP services under MTP Act ?
- Confidentiality , Privacy, Trust !??
- International scenario Support agencies!!!!
- David McQuoid-Mason, Mandatory reporting of sexual abuse under the Sexual
 Offences Act and the 'best interests of the child', SAJBL, December 2011, Vol. 4, No.
 2 SAJBL
- Strode, J. Toohey, C. Slack, S. Bhamjee, Reporting underage consensual sex after the Teddy Bear case: A different perspective, SAJBL, November **2013**, Vol. 6, No. 2.

Is it mandatory to go to Government hospital for Sexual Assault examination?

Sec 357 C CrPC & WCD guidelines
Public or Private
 Central Govt, State Govt, Local body, Any person

- Rule 5 POCSO Nearest Hospital
- Sec 27 POCSO As per Sec 164 A CrPC

Sec 164 A CrPC Absence of Govt Any RMP

Is presence of injuries a must??

- WHO evidence 3(
 Bowyer L, Dalton ME. Fell ObstetGynaecol.1997;10
- CEHAT evidence (ht 19% body injuries, 38% g
- 23% cases only had injur :Female Genital Injuries I Vaginal Intercourse, Fore
- Unconscious drug
- Explanation 2 to Section no physic
- WCD guidelines in CSA

Guidelines for medico-legal care for victims of sexual violence



Limitations of Medical Evidence?

- When was the examination done? Documentation
- Mucosal injuries
 (http://pediatrics.aappublications.org/content/116/2/506.long)
- Healing of injuries
- Post assault activities Urination/ Defecation ??,
 Washing, douching, bathing!!!!
- Use of Condom which is not recovered

No medical evidence **DOES NOT MEAN** No Offence

Is it necessary for a female doctor ONLY to examine sexual assault victims?

- Liberal interpretation of Section 53 (2) CrPC
- Section 164A CrPC
 - any RMP
- Section 27 POCSO Act
 - woman doctor for girl survivor
- Guidelines & Protocols, Ministry of HFW, 2014 every possible effort...... If not... male doctor

Who can be present while the doctor conducts examination?

- No other persons if it's a Female doctor
- If it's a Male doctor
 Disinterested, Sound, Major, Female

- Sec 27 POCSO Act 2012
 - Parent or any person whom she/he trusts
 - if not Hospital has to provide

How should the examination be?

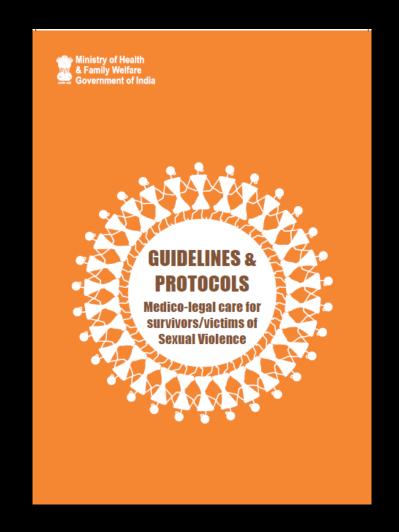


MINISTRY OF WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT

Model Guidelines under Section 39 of The Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act, 2012

September, 2013

Guidelines for the Use of Professionals and Experts under the POCSO Act, 2012



Are past sexual practices still documented in Sexual assault examination?

- Sec 146 IEA Amended in 2005 & 2013
- Two finger test
- Old hymenal injuries
- Past Pregnancies / Abortions / Contraceptive practices / Last consensual sexual intercourse
- Built / Height / Weight

When relevant

- Chronic sexual abuse
- If within one week consensual sexual intercourse

Suspect CSA

As Child often does not complain of CSA

MoHFW Guidelines

- Pain on urination and/or defecation
- Abdominal pain / generalized body ache
- Inability to sleep
- Sudden withdrawal from peers / adults
- Feelings of anxiety, nervousness, helplessness
- Weight loss
- Feelings of ending one's life

MoWCD Guidelines

- Vaginal discharge
- Abdominal pain
- Encopresis (Soiling)

Enlarged hymenal ring???

Sec 41 POCSO?

- The provisions of sections 3 to 13 (both inclusive) shall not apply in case of medical examination or medical treatment of a child when such medical examination or medical treatment is undertaken with the consent of his parents or guardian.
- Child wants examination but parents oppose?
- Consent for Sexual Intercourse V Medical Exam?!!!
- Section 375 IPC excludes all medical examinations
- Sec 42A POCSO

Is it necessary to do age estimation?

Borderline cases

 Sec 15 (5A) ITPA (Immoral Traffic Prevention Act) 1956
 Sec 164A CrPC...... Sec 27 POCSO

 SC judgment in 2013.....Ashwani Kumar Saxena V State of M.P. 2013(I) OLR(SC)-214 Documentary proof of age V Medical age

Is it necessary to do age estimation?

 Only in cases where those documents or certificates are found to be fabricated or manipulated, the court, the J.J. Board or the Committee need to go for medical report for age determination.

{SC judgment in 2013.....Ashwani Kumar Saxena V State of M.P. 2013(I) OLR(SC)-214}

Model guidelines by Ministry of WCD, 2013

What is the status of Marital Rape?

Civil Law

√ - PWDVA- Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act..... any age

Criminal Law

- X Sec 375 IPC..... more than 15 years of age
- √ POCSO Act..... less than 18 years of age

Minimum age for marriage

is 18 years legally for female

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What is Medical Evidence?

Trace evidence

- Locard's principle of exchange
- Semen, Spermatozoa, Blood, Hair, cells, Dust, Paint, Grass, Lubricant, Fecal matter, Body fluids, Saliva

Injuries – Body / Genitals..... – Skin / Mucosa

Abrasions, Contusions, Lacerations, Fractures
 Incised / Stab / Chop / Firearm injuries

STIs – HIV, Hepatitis, Gonorrhea

Evidence of treatment

pain, infection, depression...

Colposcopy



- Magnification / Photo & or Video / Green & white filters
- Introitus, vaginal, cervical abrasions, lacerations, contusions
- X David J. Templeton, Angela Williams, Current issues in the use of colposcopy for examination of sexual assault victims, Sexual Health 04/2006; 3(1):5-10 ---- Child V Adult
- ✓ L C Lenahan, A Ernst, B Johnson, Colposcopy in evaluation of the adult sexual assault victim. Am J Emerg Med 1998; 16:183-184

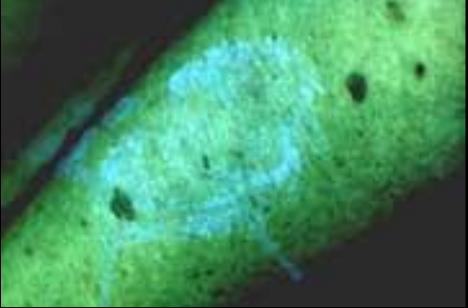
----- colposcopy V visual exam

Wood's Lamp Examination

- 1. Does a wood's lamp effectively detect semen? American Family Physician, May 15, 2000
- 2. Sexual abuse of children, Detection of semen, Am J Dis Child. 1992 Jun; 146(6):700-3
- 3. Wood's lamp utility in detection of semen. Pediatrics, 1999 Dec;104(6):1342-4

X - water-based lubricant, petroleum jelly, antibiotic ointment and lotion





Toluidine blue dye test





Toluidine blue dye test

 Effect of per speculum examination and digital / manual examination

Effect on evidence collection?????

Microinjuries in consensual sexual act?!!!!!

DNA samples

- Sec 164 A CrPC & Sec 53 A CrPC
- Evidence to compare?!
- EDTA vaccutainers dry gauge FTA cards?

- Workload on FSL?
- Accreditation NABL / JCI
- Private labs / Defense labs
- Human DNA Profiling Bill 2015

Is it relevant to document when was the examination done?

- It all depends on when reported hours / days / weeks / months after the incident
- Medical evidence? washing / bathing / douching / urination / defecation
- Not detected in medical exam doesnot mean
 Crime incident did not occur
- In Opinion column
 please specify when examination done

Counseling – is it only on paper?

- PTSD Post Trauma Stress Disorder
- Child Sexual Abuse Accommodation syndrome
- Emotion ?
- Mental status?
- General mental condition
- Calm V Disturbed
- Model guidelines by Ministry of WCD, 2013
- Guidelines & Protocols, Ministry of HFW, 2014

MoHFW Guidelines on Psychological Counseling

- Creating enabling atmosphere
- Establishing trust
- Facilitation & Demystifcation of medical procedures
- Addressing survivor's emotional wellbeing
- Safety assessment
- Role of family, friends & community

Exercise – What swab to take? Why?

History of sexual violence	Type of swab/s	Purpose	Any other points to consider?
Peno – Vaginal			
Peno- Anal			
Peno-Oral			
Use of Objects			
Use of body parts (Fingering)			
Masturbation			32

History of
sexual
violence
Peno –

Vaginal

Type of swab/s

Vaginal

•Semen / sperm detection Lubricant

•DNA

Purpose

Body

•Semen / sperm detection Saliva (in case of sucking / licking)

inside vagina or outside Use of Condom •If ejaculation occurred outside

Any other points to

whether ejaculation occurred

consider?

Peno- Anal Anal

•Semen / sperm detection Lubricant •DNA

 whether ejaculation occurred anus or outside inside Use of Condom

Faecal matter

•If ejaculation occurred outside

Body

•Semen / sperm detection Saliva (in case of sucking / licking)

sexual violence	swab/s		to consider?
Peno-Oral	Oral	Semen / sperm detectionDNASaliva	 whether ejaculation occurred inside mouth or outside Use of Condom
	Body	Semen / sperm detectionSaliva (in case of sucking / licking)	•If ejaculation occurred outside
Use of Objects	Swab of the orifice (anal, vaginal, oral)	Lubricant	Detection of lubricant used if any
Use of body parts (Fingering)	Swab of the orifice (anal, vaginal, oral)	Lubricant	Detection of lubricant used if any
Masturbation	Swab of the orifice or body part	•Semen / sperm detection •DNA	whether ejaculation occurred or notIf ejaculated in orifice or

Purpose

History of

Type of

Any other points

Is it difficult / not possible to issue Provisional Opinion?

IO gets stranded / Accused gets benefit of doubt

- Wet smear Spermatozoa..... Expertise ???!!!
- Injuries Age of injuries

Final Opinion?

- After investigation reports FSL 2 reports!
- Reasoned opinion Sec 164A CrPC
- Spermatozoa V Semen
- Absence of evidence including injuries

 use of condom / unconsciousness /
 washing / healing of injuries
- Time of examination

Medical Opinion & Law

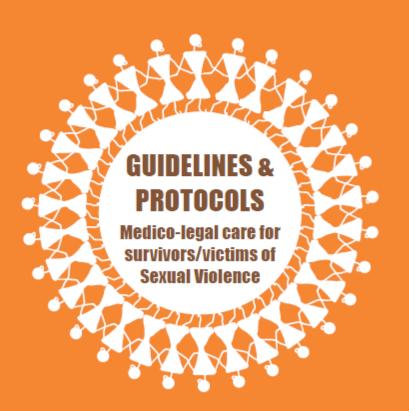
Section 375 IPC

- Earlier Penetrative Penovaginal intercourse only
- Penetrative Peno vaginal / anal /oral / urethral
- Penetrative Objects / parts of body fingering
- Non Penetrative

POCSO

- Sec 3.Pentrative sexual assault / Sec 5.Aggravated
- Sec 7. Sexual assault / Sec 9. Aggravated
- Even if Medical opinion negative
 still Rape / Sexual assault





- 12 years Consent
- Abuser may accompany,
 be aware & screen
- Do not assume that child cannot give history
- Believe what is being reported by child
- Doses of treatment
- Psychological support
- Assurance of confidentiality
- Provision of Privacy
- No insensitive practices

Protocol & guidelines aim to achieve

- Operationalise informed consent
 - examination, treatment and police intimation.
- Specific guidance on dealing with persons

 -disabilities, sex workers, LGBT persons,
 children, persons facing caste, class or religion based discrimination.
- Ensure **gender sensitivity** in the entire procedure by disallowing any mention of **past sexual practices** through comments on size of vaginal introitus, elasticity of vagina or anus.
- Further, it bars comments of built/height-weight/ nutrition or gait that perpetuate stereotypes about 'victims'.

Protocol & guidelines aim to achieve

- Focus on history by recognising various forms and dynamics of sexual violence including activities that lead to loss of evidence
- Evidence collection based on science and history, with specific guidance for taking relevant samples and preservation of evidence.
- Lay down Standard Treatment protocols for managing health consequences of sexual violence.
- Lay down Guidelines for provision of first line psychological support.

POCSO Act & Rules of 2012

- 18 yrs of age Child
- Gender neutral language Victim / Accused
- Penetrative / Non-Penetrative offences
- Aggravated offences
- Minimum punishments
- Directions to Police / Courts
- Use of Interpreters, Support persons, Special educators
- Female doctor girl victim
- Trusted person Parent / Guardian if none?!!?

To Conclude......

- The legal issues in medical examination of a child with sexual abuse
- The evidence to be collected depending on the nature of assault
- What constitutes medical opinion & why?
- Solutions for FAQs (frequently asked questions) during medical examination of CSA.

THANK

YOU